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15 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
16 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

17 RYAN OSWALD, Derivatively on Behalf of
18 Nominal Defendant IDENTIV, INC.,

19 Case No.

20 Plaintiff,
21 v.
22 STEVEN HUMPHREYS, JASON HART,
23 JAMES E. OUSLEY, GARY KREMEN,
24 SAAD ALAZEM, DANIEL S. WENZEL, and
BRIAN NELSON,

25 Defendants,
26 and
27 IDENTIV, INC.,
28 Nominal Defendant.

**VERIFIED SHAREHOLDER
DERIVATIVE COMPLAINT FOR
BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY AND
ABUSE OF CONTROL**

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

1 Plaintiff Ryan Oswald, by and through his undersigned attorneys, brings this derivative
 2 complaint for the benefit of nominal defendant, Identiv, Inc. (“Identiv” or the “Company”),
 3 against certain members of its Board of Directors (the “Board”) and certain of its executive
 4 officers seeking to remedy defendants’ breaches of fiduciary duties and abuse of control.

5 **NATURE AND SUMMARY OF THE ACTION**

6 1. Identiv develops and manufactures physical access control, identity management,
 7 and radio frequency identification systems. The Company’s products are used in corporate
 8 employee identification cards, company email, information technology networks, and facility
 9 access control, among other applications.

10 2. In May 2015, Identiv disclosed that it would be unable to timely file with the U.S.
 11 Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) certain executive compensation information
 12 required to be disclosed in Part III of its Form 10-K for the 2014 fiscal year. This delay was due
 13 to the Company’s having been served with a complaint from a former employee alleging, among
 14 other things, expense reimbursement improprieties with respect to certain executive officers and
 15 other employees. In response, the Board formed a Special Committee purportedly to investigate
 16 the allegations.

17 3. Following disclosure of the Special Committee investigation, Identiv did not
 18 promptly file the missing executive compensation information and thereafter did not timely file
 19 its Forms 10-Q for the first and second quarters of 2015.

20 4. On November 30, 2015, Identiv stunned investors when it disclosed that a week
 21 earlier its independent auditor, BDO USA, LLP (“BDO”), had resigned effective immediately.
 22 BDO stated it was “unwilling to be associated with the consolidated financial statements
 23 prepared by management for any of the fiscal periods within 2015.” BDO’s resignation related
 24 to the Special Committee’s supposed investigation of the allegations of improper expense
 25 reimbursements to executives and others. BDO advised the Board that BDO disagreed with the
 26 scope and the remediation of the investigation. The Board, in response, ignored these concerns
 27 and determined the investigation was appropriate.

28

1 5. BDO informed the Board that Identiv suffered from two material weaknesses in
2 the Company's internal controls, one of which stemmed directly from the sham Special
3 Committee investigation. According to BDO, the conduct of the Special Committee
4 investigation itself was evidence of an "entity level" material weakness of internal controls and
5 that "'the Company's senior management leadership and operating style and the Board's
6 oversight did not result in an open flow of information and communication and did not support
7 an environment where accountability is valued.'"

8 6. To date, the results, if any, of the Special Committee investigation and the
9 membership of the Special Committee have not been disclosed.

10 7. Plaintiff has not made a demand on the Board of Identiv because a majority of the
11 Company's directors are complicit in the wrongdoing alleged herein. The Company's Board is
12 currently comprised of six directors, two of whom are primarily employed by Identiv. Although
13 the composition of the Special Committee has not been disclosed, it was comprised of one or
14 more of Identiv's outside directors. These directors face a substantial likelihood of liability due,
15 among other things, to their conduct as Special Committee members: the Special Committee's
16 investigation was so improper as to itself constitute evidence of an entity-level material
17 weakness to internal controls and caused the resignation of BDO. As a result, at least half of
18 Identiv's Board is not disinterested and independent and/or faces a substantial likelihood of
19 liability in connection with wrongdoing detailed herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

21 8. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28
22 U.S.C. § 1332 in that Plaintiff and defendants are citizens of different states and the amount in
23 controversy exceeds \$75,000 exclusive of interest and costs. Plaintiff is a citizen of Texas and
24 no defendant is a citizen of that state.

25 9. Venue is proper in this Court because a substantial portion of the transactions and
26 wrongs complained of herein occurred in this District, one or more of Defendants resides in this
27 District, the Company maintains its principal executive offices in this District. Defendants have

1 received substantial compensation in this district by engaging in activities that had an effect in
2 this district and are directly related to the wrongdoing alleged herein.

3 **PARTIES**

4 **A. Plaintiff**

5 10. Plaintiff is a shareholder of Identiv, has been since prior to the events complained
6 of herein, and continues to be.

7 **B. Defendants**

8 11. Nominal defendant Identiv is an entity incorporated under the laws of the State of
9 Delaware maintaining its principal executive offices at 2201 Walnut Avenue, Suite 310,
10 Fremont, California 94538. Identiv is a security technology company providing various means
11 to establish identity in the government, education, retail, transportation, and healthcare sectors
12 worldwide.

13 12. Defendant Steven Humphreys (“Humphreys”) was appointed Chief Executive
14 Officer (“CEO”) of Identiv in September 2015 and is a director. Defendant Humphreys has been
15 a director of Identiv since 1996 and previously served as President and CEO from December
16 1996 to April 2000. Upon information and belief, defendant Humphreys is a citizen of
17 California.

18 13. Defendant Jason Hart (“Hart”) has served as President of Identiv since September
19 2015 and is a director. Previously, defendant Hart served as CEO of Identiv and a director
20 beginning in September 2013. Defendant Hart joined Identiv in 2011 as an employee. Upon
21 information and belief, defendant Hart is a citizen of California.

22 14. Defendant James E. Ousley (“Ousley”) is the current Chairman of the Board and
23 has served as a director of Identiv since July 2014. At relevant times, defendant Ousley was the
24 Chair of the Audit Committee. Upon information and belief, defendant Ousley is a citizen of
25 Arizona.

26 15. Defendant Gary Kremen (“Kremen”) has served as a director of Identiv since
27 February 2014. Defendant Kremen is a member of the Audit Committee, the Compensation
28

1 Committee, and the Nominating Committee. Upon information and belief, defendant Kremen is
2 a citizen of California.

3 16. Defendant Saad Alazem (“Alazem”) has served as director of Identiv since July
4 2013. Defendant Alazem is a member of the Audit Committee and the Chair of the
5 Compensation Committee. Upon information and belief, defendant Alazem is a citizen of
6 Maryland.

7 17. Defendant Daniel S. Wenzel (“Wenzel”) has served as a director of Identiv since
8 2010. Defendant Wenzel is a member of the Compensation Committee and the Chair of the
9 Nominating Committee. Upon information and belief, defendant Wenzel is a citizen and
10 resident of Switzerland.

11 18. Defendant Brian Nelson (“Nelson”) is currently Identiv’s VP Business Strategy
12 and previously served as the Company’s Chief Financial Officer from December 2013 until
13 November 2015 and has been employed by the Company since approximately 2011. Upon
14 information and belief, defendant Nelson is a citizen of California.

15 19. The defendants named in ¶¶ 12 - 18 are sometimes referred to herein as the
16 "Individual Defendants."

DEFENDANTS' DUTIES

18 20. By reason of their positions as officers, directors, and/or fiduciaries of Identiv
19 and because of their ability to control the business and corporate affairs of Identiv, at all relevant
20 times defendants owed Identiv and its shareholders fiduciary obligations of good faith, loyalty,
21 and candor, and were required to use their utmost ability to control and manage Identiv in a fair,
22 just, honest, and equitable manner. Defendants were required to act in furtherance of the best
23 interests of Identiv and its shareholders so as to benefit all shareholders equally and not in
24 furtherance of their personal interest or benefit. Each director and officer of the Company owes
25 to Identiv and its shareholders a fiduciary duty to exercise good faith and diligence in the
26 administration of the affairs of the Company and in the use and preservation of its property and
27 assets, and the highest obligations of fair dealing.

1 21. Defendants, because of their positions of control and authority as directors and/or
2 officers of Identiv, were able to and did, directly and/or indirectly, exercise control over the
3 wrongful acts complained of herein, as well as the contents of the various public statements
4 issued by the Company. Because of their advisory, executive, managerial, and directorial
5 positions with Identiv, each of the defendants had knowledge of material non-public information
6 regarding the Company

7 22. To discharge their duties, the officers and directors of Identiv were required to
8 exercise reasonable and prudent supervision over the management, policies, practices and
9 controls of the Company. By virtue of such duties, the officers and directors of Identiv were
10 required to, among other things:

SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS

22 23. Identiv operates in four segments: (i) “premises,” offering management software
23 and door readers; (ii) “identity,” offering contact and contactless, portable and mobile smart card
24 readers; (iii) “credentials,” offering products used in a variety of identity-based applications such
25 as electronic entertainment, loyalty schemes, and mobile payment; and (iv) the “all other”
26 segment offering media readers.

1 24. On March 23, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file with the SEC its
2 Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. This filing did not include the information
3 required to be disclosed in Part III of the Form 10-K, including information relating to executive
4 compensation, but stated the Company expected to file such information with the SEC in the
5 near future. The Form 10-K did not disclose that the Company was subject to any specific legal
6 proceedings. Filed as exhibits to the Form 10-K were certifications pursuant to the Sarbanes-
7 Oxley Act signed by defendants Hart and Nelson.

8 25. On April 17, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file a preliminary proxy
9 statement in advance of the annual meeting of Identiv stockholders to be held on May 26, 2015.
10 The preliminary proxy solicited stockholder votes to: (i) elect defendants Hart and Ousley to new
11 three-year terms as directors; (ii) approve an amendment to the Company’s certificate of
12 incorporation to decrease the number of authorized common shares of Identiv from 130 million
13 to 50 million; (iii) approve an amendment to the Company’s 2011 compensation plan; (iv) ratify
14 the appointment of the Company’s independent auditor, BDA USA, LLP (“BDO”) for the 2015
15 fiscal year; and (v) vote on a non-binding advisory resolution on the compensation of the
16 Company’s named executives. The preliminary proxy did not mention the existence of any
17 litigation against the Company or the existence of a special committee of the Board. The
18 preliminary proxy also disclosed in part:

The Board of Directors has an active role, as a whole and also at the committee level, in overseeing management of the Company’s risks. The Board of Directors regularly reviews information regarding the Company’s credit, liquidity and operations, as well as the risks associated with each. The Compensation Committee is responsible for overseeing the management of risks relating to the Company’s executive compensation plans and arrangements. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors (the “Audit Committee”) oversees management of financial risks. The Nominating Committee manages risks associated with the independence of the Board of Directors and potential conflicts of interest. While each committee is responsible for evaluating certain risks and overseeing the management of such risks, the entire Board of Directors is regularly informed through committee reports about such risks.

* * *

1 The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors, established in accordance with
 2 Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act, assists our Board of Directors in
 3 fulfilling its responsibility for oversight of the quality and integrity of our
 4 financial reporting processes, system of internal control, our process for
 5 monitoring compliance with laws and regulations, our audit process and standards
 6 of business conduct. Currently, the Audit Committee consists of Messrs. Alazem,
 7 Humphreys, Kremen and Ousley, and Mr. Ousley serves as Chairman. Previously,
 8 Dr. Liebler served as Chairman of the Audit Committee until the 2014 Annual
 9 Meeting when he completed his service as a director of the Company effective
 10 May 22, 2014 and was not nominated for re-election. Mr. Alazem is not standing
 11 for re-election at the Annual Meeting, but will continue to serve as a member of
 12 our Board of Directors, and as a member of the Audit Committee, until the
 13 expiration of his current term ending on the date of the Annual Meeting. The
 14 Audit Committee held six meetings during 2014.

15 26. On May 1, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file with the SEC a Form
 16 12b-25 with respect to its Form 10-K for the 2014 fiscal year. The disclosure states:

17 11 The Company needs additional time to complete the information called for by
 18 12 Item III of Form 10-K, including the executive compensation information (the
 19 13 “Part III Information”) which the Company was not able to complete by
 20 14 April 30, 2015 (the prescribed due date for the inclusion of the Part III
 21 15 Information in the Company’s Annual Report filing) without unreasonable effort
 22 16 or expense due to the circumstances described below.

23 17 The Company has been served with a complaint (the “Complaint”) from a former
 24 18 employee alleging, among other things, certain expense reimbursement issues
 25 19 with respect to certain executive officers and certain other employees of the
 26 20 Company. The Board of Directors of the Company has formed a special
 27 21 committee (the “Committee”) to investigate the allegations contained in the
 28 22 Complaint and related matters with the assistance of independent counsel.

29 23 27. On May 4, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file with the SEC a Form 8-
 30 24 K disclosing the same facts. Undisclosed was the composition of the Special Committee.

31 25 28. On May 13, 2015, defendants caused the Company to issue a press release
 32 26 announcing Identiv’s first quarter 2015 results. Among other things, the press release disclosed
 33 27 that the Company was reducing previously issued revenue guidance for 2015 from a range
 34 28 between \$95 million and \$105 million to a range between \$90 million and \$95 million.

35 29. On May 15, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file with the SEC a Form 8-
 36 30 K attaching, “[u]naudited condensed consolidated financial statements and other information as
 37 31 of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015.”

1 30. On May 18, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file with the SEC a Form
 2 12b-25 disclosing that it would be unable to timely file its Form 10-Q for the first quarter of
 3 2015. The filing states in part:

4 The Company has been served with a complaint (the “Complaint”) from a former
 5 employee alleging, among other things, certain expense reimbursement issues
 6 with respect to certain executive officers and certain other employees of the
 7 Company. The Board of Directors of the Company has formed a special
 8 committee (the “Committee”) to investigate the allegations contained in the
 9 Complaint and related matters with the assistance of independent counsel. The
 10 investigation is ongoing and the Company does not plan to file an amendment to
 11 its Annual Report on Form 10-K to include the required Part III information or
 12 file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 until
 13 it has additional information from such investigation. On May 15, 2015, the
 14 Company did file a Report on Form 8-K furnishing certain of the financial
 15 information that typically would be included in a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

16 31. On May 22, 2015, defendants caused the Company to issue a press release
 17 disclosing that Identiv had received from the Nasdaq Stock Market notice due to its failure to
 18 timely file the Form 10-Q for the first quarter of 2015, that the Company was not in compliance
 19 with Nasdaq Listing Rules and must submit a plan of compliance no later than July 20, 2015.

20 32. On August 4, 2015, defendants caused the Company to issue a press release
 21 reporting preliminary second quarter 2015 results and updating full year 2015 guidance. The
 22 press release disclosed that defendants were now forecasting substantially reduced 2015
 23 revenues:

24 The factors that affected the Company’s results in the first half of 2015 are
 25 anticipated to persist through the duration of fiscal year 2015 and as a result,
 26 Identiv now expects revenues for the year to be between \$65 million and \$70
 27 million, a decrease from the previous revenue guidance range of \$90 million and
 28 \$95 million. In response to these factors, Identiv has begun to implement cost
 reduction activities and expects to be adjusted EBITDA positive on a run rate
 basis in the fourth quarter of 2015, compared to previous expectations of
 achieving positive adjusted EBITDA for the full year 2015

29 33. On August 14, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file with the SEC a
 30 From 12b-25 disclosing that it would be unable to timely file its Form 10-Q for the second
 31 quarter of 2015. The filing states in part:

1 The Company has been served with a complaint (the “Complaint”) from a former
 2 employee alleging, among other things, certain expense reimbursement issues
 3 with respect to certain executive officers and certain other employees of the
 4 Company. The Board of Directors of the Company has formed a special
 5 committee (the “Committee”) to investigate the allegations contained in the
 6 Complaint and related matters with the assistance of independent counsel. The
 7 investigation is ongoing and the Company does not plan to file an amendment to
 8 its Annual Report on Form 10-K to include the required Part III information or
 9 file its quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and
 June 30, 2015 until it has additional information from such investigation.

7 The Company is currently unable to predict when it will be in a position to file its
 8 Annual Report on Form 10-K/A to include the Part III Information and its
 9 quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and June
 30, 2015.

10 34. On August 25, 2015, defendants caused the Company to issue a press release
 11 disclosing that Identiv had received from the Nasdaq Stock Market notice that due to its failure
 12 to timely file the Forms 10-Q for the first and second quarters of 2015, the Company was not in
 13 compliance with Nasdaq Listing Rules. According to the press release, the Company submitted
 14 a plan to regain compliance that, if approved would could provide a listing exception of up to
 15 180 calendar days.

16 35. On September 16, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file with the SEC a
 17 Form 8-K disclosing that defendant Humphreys had been appointed CEO, replacing defendant
 18 Hart who continued to serve as President. The Form 8-K disclosed that defendant Humphreys
 19 would continue to serve as a director but would no longer serve as the Chairman of the Board or
 20 on the Audit or Nominating Committees.

21 36. On November 12, 2015, defendants caused the Company to issue a press release
 22 announcing Identiv’s third quarter 2015 results. The press release again reduced Identiv’s 2015
 23 revenue guidance: defendants were now forecasting revenue between \$62 million and \$64
 24 million for the year.

25 37. On November 19, 2015, defendants caused the Company to issue a press release
 26 disclosing that Identiv had received a determination letter from Nasdaq staff notifying it that its
 27 stock was subject to delisting. The press release states in part:

FREMONT, Calif., November 19, 2015 — Identiv, Inc. (NASDAQ: INVE) today announced that, on November 17, 2015, the Company received a letter from the NASDAQ Listing Qualifications Staff (the “Staff”) of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ”) notifying the Company that since it had not filed its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, and because it remains delinquent in filing the Company’s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 and the Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the Staff has determined that the Company is non-compliant with the Nasdaq Listing Rule 5250(c)(1). As a result of the foregoing, the Company’s common stock is subject to delisting unless the Company requests a hearing before the Nasdaq Hearings Panel (the “Panel”) by November 24, 2015. The Company intends to timely request a hearing before the Panel at which it will present its plan to regain and thereafter maintain compliance with all applicable listing requirements.

In connection with its request for a hearing, the Company also intends to request a stay of the suspension of trading and delisting of the Company’s common stock while the appeals process is pending. The Panel will notify the Company of its decision to allow the Company’s common stock to continue to trade on The NASDAQ Capital Market pending the Panel’s decision within 22 calendar days from the date of the Staff’s letter.

There can be no assurance that the Panel will grant the Company’s request for continued listing or stay the delisting of its common stock.

The Truth Begins to Emerge

38. On November 30, 2015, the Company filed with the SEC a Form 8-K disclosing that its independent auditor, BDO, “is unwilling to be associated with the consolidated financial statements prepared by management for any of the fiscal periods within 2015...” The Form 8-K also disclosed in part:

On November 23, 2015, Identiv, Inc. (the “Company”) received notice from BDO USA, LLP (“BDO”) that BDO had resigned, effective immediately, as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm.

The reports of BDO and of Ernst & Young GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft (“EY”) on the Company’s consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, did not contain an adverse opinion or a disclaimer of opinion and were not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles except EY’s report with respect to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, which indicated that there was substantial doubt as to the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

BDO has advised the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company that BDO is unwilling to be associated with the consolidated financial statements prepared by management for any of the fiscal periods within 2015 and will not complete its

1 reviews of the interim financial information as of or for the periods ended March
 2 31, 2015, June 30, 2015 or September 30, 2015, and additionally will not audit the
 3 Company's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ending
 December 31, 2015 because of the disagreement described below in this Current
 Report on Form 8-K.

4 For the purposes of this Current Report on Form 8-K, the term "disagreement" is
 5 interpreted and used broadly, to include any difference of opinion concerning any
 6 matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or
 auditing scope or procedure which, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the
 7 independent registered public accountant, would have caused it to make reference
 to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with its report.

8 During fiscal year 2015, the Board formed a Special Committee to investigate the
 9 allegations contained in a complaint. BDO advised the Board that BDO disagrees
 10 with the scope and the remediation of the special investigation that was
 undertaken by the Special Committee of the Board. The subject matter of the
 11 special investigation was first disclosed by the Company in a Form NTN 10-K
 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on May 1, 2015
 12 and a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 4, 2015. The Board
 determined that the scope and the remediation of the special investigation were
 13 appropriate.

14 In addition, BDO has informed the Board of two material weaknesses in the
 15 Company's internal control over financial reporting. The first material weakness
 identified by BDO related to the Company's entity level controls, including a
 determination by BDO that "with respect to the results of the special investigation
 undertaken by the Special Committee during 2015, the Company's senior
 management leadership and operating style and the Board's oversight did not
 result in an open flow of information and communication and did not support an
 16 environment where accountability is valued."

17 The second material weakness identified by BDO related to revenue recognition;
 18 BDO determined that the Company has not designed and implemented
 appropriate controls to provide reasonable assurance that revenue transactions are
 adequately analyzed and reviewed to prevent or timely detect and correct
 19 misstatements. Specifically, during the course of conducting review procedures
 20 on the Company's interim financial information for the quarter ended June 30,
 21 2015, BDO identified significant adjustments with respect to revenue transactions
 22 which resulted in the deferral of revenue; which errors were not identified by the
 23 Company's internal control over financial reporting. Those errors arose primarily
 24 as a result of the following matters:

- 25 • The Company did not appropriately consider the accounting for a
 26 revenue transaction totaling approximately \$3.2 million, where the
 27 fact pattern suggested that the terms on the sales were not "fixed or
 determinable." This resulted in a correcting adjustment of revenue
 28 of \$3.2 million.

- 1 • In a different revenue transaction, there were undelivered elements
 2 in the arrangement that were not adequately considered and
 3 assessed by the Company, resulting in a correcting adjustment of
 4 \$0.6 million.

5 The first of these transactions related to a significant long-standing reseller, with
 6 which the Company was in discussions regarding delivery and payment
 7 schedules. The \$3.2 million shipment was made and accepted in June 2015, and
 8 the Company provided 90 day “extended payment terms” specified by the
 9 customer during the quarter ended June 30, 2015. The Company originally
 10 recorded revenue during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 whereas the fact pattern
 11 indicated that the terms were not “fixed or determinable” at the time and revenue
 12 should have been recorded when the amount became due and payable by the
 13 customer. The account was fully paid in September 2015, and the revenue
 14 recognized upon payment during the quarter ended September 30, 2015.

15 The second transaction related to an agreement that BDO was made aware of
 16 during the quarter. The Company considered revenue recognition with respect to
 17 this transaction and prepared a memorandum that was provided to BDO. While
 18 the customer accepted delivery of the non-recurring engineering work in June
 19 2015, BDO advised, and the Company agreed, that the Company, in its
 20 memorandum, had failed to conclude that there were undelivered software
 21 elements in the arrangement for which vendor specific objective evidence of fair
 22 value had not been established and accordingly, the Company recorded an
 23 adjustment in June 2015 to defer this revenue. The Company will recognize such
 24 revenue in the current quarter now that it is actively selling the solution it
 25 developed.

26 The quarterly results included in the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K
 27 filed August 13, 2015 reflected the adjustments described above.

28 While the full Audit Committee of the Board and BDO have not discussed the
 29 subject matter of the disagreement with BDO, the Audit Committee through its
 30 Chairman has had discussions with BDO concerning the subject matter of the
 31 disagreement. The Company has authorized BDO to respond fully to the inquiries
 32 of the Company’s successor accountant, Burr Pilger Mayer Inc., concerning the
 33 subject matter of this Current Report on Form 8-K (this “Report”).

34 39. On December 24, 2015, defendants caused the Company to file a Form 8-K with
 35 the SEC disclosing that defendant Hart would not stand for reelection to the Board at the
 36 Company’s annual meeting in February 2016.

37 40. On January 8, 2016, the *UK Daily Mail* published an article titled “Tech worker
 38 claims she was fired for blowing the whistle on her CEO for expensing Vegas ‘champagne
 39 shower’ parties and his groundskeeper,” which reported that a former employee of Identiv named
 40 _____

1 Ana Ruggiero, had sued defendant Hart and Identiv for age discrimination and for being wrongly
 2 fired. According to Ms. Ruggiero's complaint, she was fired "in 'retaliation for her complaints
 3 about Hart's unlawful and fraudulent conduct in addition to age discrimination.'" The article
 4 also reported in part:

5 Ruggiero claims that Hart spent company money on personal expenses, wild
 6 parties in Las Vegas, dinners and gifts for a government official.

7 In her lawsuit, she claims that Hart's personal expenses included five to six
 8 servers purchased on eBay for \$18,000 each that 'were at his home' and never
 9 'part of Identiv's information technology system,' NBC Bay Area reported.

10 Ruggiero also said that Hart purchased \$3,000 in American Express gift cards that
 11 were going to be designated for 'rewarding employees.'

12 However, she alleges that the gift cards went to his groundskeeper because he
 13 'owed him money.'

14 'The company didn't benefit from it. It was his lifestyle that was being funded,'
 15 Ruggiero told NBC Bay Area.

16 Also in the lawsuit, Ruggiero claims that Hart had an improper relationship with a
 17 government official.

18 Hart allegedly used Identiv money to pay for gifts and travel for 'a contact in the
 19 United States government believed to have been ... influential in assisting Identiv
 20 obtain certain government contracts worth millions of dollars,' according to NBC
 21 Bay Area.

22 John Bailey, a former employee with the US Marshals Service under the
 23 Department of Justice, would frequent Identiv events, dinners and parties in Las
 24 Vegas, Ruggiero claims.

25 'Jason mentioned to me that Mr. Bailey was an influential person in purchasing,
 26 specifically the products that we sold,' Ruggiero told NBC Bay Area as she
 27 detailed a Fourth of July pool party in 2014 at Wet Republic in the MGM Grand
 28 Las Vegas.

29 She provided documents that she claims Hart gave her to use for reimbursement
 30 of thousands of dollars from Identiv.

31 NBC Bay Area reported from the records that Ruggiero provided that the bar bill
 32 was \$8,700, 'including four magnum-sized bottles of vodka and champagne, plus
 33 10 more bottles of bubbly for a poolside 'champagne shower.'

1 They also appeared to show that Bailey's airfare and itinerary were included in
 2 those documents.

3 * * *

4 Ruggiero also claims that Gary Kremen, who serves on the board of directors for
 5 Identiv and is also the founder of match.com partied with Hart and Bailey in Las
 6 Vegas during the Fourth of July 2014.

7 She claims that Kremen, who is also chairman of the Board of Directors for the
 8 Santa Clara Valley Water District, did not hold back while partying.

9 'In fact, Gary Kremen is the one who had the massages,' Ruggiero told NBC Bay
 10 Area.

11 In her lawsuit, she alleges that Kremen received \$1,900 in massages alone and
 12 that she was instructed by Hart to submit the bill to Identiv for payment.

DAMAGES TO THE COMPANY

13 41. As a direct and proximate result of the defendants' conduct, Identiv has been
 14 seriously harmed and will continue to be. Such harm includes, but is not limited to:

15 (a) loss of roughly 1/3 of the value Identiv stock since disclosure of BDO's
 16 resignation;

17 (b) costs already incurred and to be incurred defending against the pending
 18 securities class action;

19 (c) costs related to the inadequate Special Committee investigation, including
 20 committee fees paid to directors who were breaching their fiduciary duties;

21 (d) increased borrowing costs due to the Company's failure to comply with
 22 credit agreements by filing timely financial statements;

23 (e) any fines that are a result of the Company's violations federal and state
 24 law; and

25 (f) incentive compensation paid to executives breaching their fiduciary duties.

26 42. In addition, Identiv's business, goodwill, and reputation with its business partners,
 27 regulators, and shareholders have been gravely impaired. The Company still has not fully
 28 admitted the nature of its false statements and the true condition of its business. The credibility
 and motives of management are now in serious doubt.

1 43. The actions complained of herein have irreparably damaged Identiv's corporate
2 image and goodwill. For at least the foreseeable future, Identiv will suffer from what is known
3 as the "liar's discount," a term applied to the stocks of companies who have been implicated in
4 illegal behavior and have misled the investing public, such that Identiv's ability to raise equity
5 capital or debt on favorable terms in the future is now impaired.

DERIVATIVE AND DEMAND FUTILITY ALLEGATIONS

7 44. Plaintiff brings this action derivatively in the right and for the benefit of Identiv to
8 redress injuries suffered, and to be suffered, by Identiv as a direct result of breaches of fiduciary
9 duty and abuse of control by the Individual Defendants. Identiv is named as a nominal defendant
10 solely in a derivative capacity. This is not a collusive action to confer jurisdiction on this Court
11 that it would not otherwise have.

12 45. Plaintiff will adequately and fairly represent the interests of Identiv in enforcing
13 and prosecuting its rights.

14 46. Plaintiff has continuously been a shareholder of Identiv at times relevant to the
15 wrongdoing complained of and is a current Identiv shareholder.

16 47. Identiv's current Board of Directors consists of the following six Director
17 Defendants: Humphreys, Hart, Ousley, Kremen, Alazem, and Wenzel. Plaintiff has not made
18 any demand on the Board to institute this action because such a demand would be a futile,
19 wasteful, and useless act, for the reasons set forth below.

**20 Pre-Suit Demand is Excused as to Defendants Hart, Humphreys, and Kremen Because
21 They are Not Disinterested and Independent**

22 48. Defendant Humphreys is primarily employed as the CEO of Identiv. In his role
23 at Identiv, defendant Humphreys earns a base salary of \$350,000, with a target annual
24 performance bonus of \$350,000. His professional reputation and access to continued
25 compensation from Identiv are completely reliant on the goodwill of his fellow directors who
26 have the ability to replace him as CEO. As a result, he is unable to disinterestedly and
27 independently consider a demand for action against his fellow directors.

1 49. Defendant Hart is primarily employed as the President of Identiv. In his role at
 2 Identiv, defendant Humphreys earns a base salary of \$350,000, is eligible for sales commissions
 3 up to \$350,000 and performance-based compensation up to \$175,000, has use of a company car,
 4 and is reimbursed up to \$10,000 annually for costs incurred with his personal use of a financial
 5 advisor. Defendant Hart's professional reputation and access to continued compensation from
 6 Identiv are completely reliant on the goodwill of his fellow directors who have the ability to
 7 replace him as President. As a result, he is unable to disinterestedly and independently consider
 8 a demand for action against his fellow directors.

9 50. According to the *UK Daily Mail* article excerpt previously, defendant Kremen
 10 participated in the improper expenditure of Company funds and joined defendant Hart at a party
 11 or parties in Las Vegas during which defendant Hart was improperly using Company funds for
 12 personal expenses and to influence a government official. In particular, Ms. Ruggiero alleges
 13 that defendant Kremen received "massages" costing \$1,900 for which defendant Hart submitted
 14 a request for expense reimbursement to Identiv. As a result, defendant Kremen is beholden to
 15 defendant Hart who participated with him in improper expenditure of Company funds and who is
 16 privy to the likely-embarrassing details of defendant Kremen's behavior in Las Vegas when he
 17 "did not hold back while partying." For these reasons, defendant Kremen could not
 18 disinterestedly and independently consider a demand for action against defendant Hart.

19 **Pre-Suit Demand Is Excused Because A Majority Of The Current Board Members Face A**
 20 **Substantial Risk Of Liability For Their Own Misconduct**

21 51. Defendant Kremen faces a substantial likelihood of liability for breaches of
 22 fiduciary duties in connection with his behavior alleged herein. This is because he participated
 23 in and observed the improper expenditure of company funds for lavish parties and to attempt to
 24 improperly influence a public official. As a result, demand is excused as to defendant Kremen.

25 52. Defendants Ousley, Alazem, Kremen, and Wenzel, one of them, or some
 26 combination of them were members of the Board Special Committee convened in April or May
 27 2015 to investigate allegations from a former employee regarding improper expense
 28 reimbursement to executive officers. When BDO resigned as Identiv's independent auditor on

1 November 23, 2015, it stated it was “unwilling to be associated” with Identiv’s financial
 2 statements. BDO resigned because it disagreed with the “the scope and the remediation of the
 3 special investigation undertaken by the Special Committee of the Board.” According to BDO,
 4 the problems with the Special Committee investigation were so serious that they rose to the level
 5 of a material weakness to Identiv’s internal controls, leading BDO to determine that ““with
 6 respect to the results of the special investigation undertaken by the Special Committee during
 7 2015, the Company’s senior management leadership and operating style and the Board’s
 8 oversight did not result in an open flow of information and communication *and did not support*
 9 *an environment where accountability is valued.*”” (Emphasis added.) As a result, the members
 10 of the Board’s Special Committee face a substantial risk of liability due to their decision to
 11 conduct a sham investigation that was so clearly improper that it caused BDO, a major
 12 accounting firm likely earning millions of dollars in fees from its work for Identiv, to terminate
 13 its association with the Company mid-engagement. Demand is therefore excused as to
 14 defendants Ousley, Alazem, Kremen, and Wenzel, one of them, or the combination of them that
 15 were members of the Board Special Committee.

16 53. Demand is excused as to the entire Board. All six members of Identiv’s Board,
 17 defendants Humphreys, Hart, Ousley, Alazem, Kremen, and Wenzel, face a substantial
 18 likelihood of liability because they were complicit in the conduct of this sham investigation.
 19 According to the Company’s November 30, 2015 disclosure excerpted above, when presented
 20 with BDO’s concerns about the Special Committee investigation, the Board “determined that the
 21 scope and the remediation of the special investigation were appropriate.” As a result, the entire
 22 Board was actively involved in the intentional creation of a material weakness to Identiv’s
 23 internal controls, even knowing the objections of BDO. Further, the entire Board presided over
 24 an additional material weakness to Identiv’s controls that appears related to the allegations in the
 25 former employee’s complaint: the Company has not designed and implemented appropriate
 26 controls to provide reasonable assurance that revenue transactions were adequately analyzed and
 27 reviewed to prevent or detect misstatements. This failure is an additional breach of fiduciary
 28 duties. Demand is therefore excused as to Identiv’s entire Board.

1 54. Defendants Ousley, Kremen, and Alazem are the members of the Audit
 2 Committee. According to the Charter of the Audit Committee, the committee is responsible for:

3 (i) the Company's system of internal controls, (ii) the accounting, reporting and
 4 financial practices of the Company, including the integrity of the Company's
 5 financial statements, (iii) the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory
 6 requirements, and (iv) the independent auditor's qualifications, independence and
 performance.

7 The Charter further provides that the Audit Committee is responsible for "Overseeing the
 8 Company's compliance systems with respect to legal and regulatory requirements, and
 9 reviewing, approving and monitoring the Company's code of ethics for its senior financial
 10 officers." As a result, defendants Ousley, Kremen, and Alazem were required to conduct inquiry
 11 and supervision into the Company's internal controls and such issues as the very subject matter
 12 of the Special Committee investigation. The Audit Committee charter makes clear this function
 13 is not optional and the Committee was unambiguously required, at all relevant times, to conduct
 14 oversight. However, the Audit Committee did not discharge its duties as required and
 15 consciously allowed the following two material weaknesses to Identiv's internal controls: (i) the
 16 sham Special Committee investigation; and (ii) the inability to accurately record and verify
 17 revenue transactions. Defendants Ousley, Kremen, and Alazem breached their fiduciary duties
 18 by failing to discharge their responsibilities as members of the Audit Committee. As a result,
 19 demand is excused as to defendants Ousley, Kremen, and Alazem because they face a substantial
 20 likelihood of liability for their role in the wrongdoing detailed herein.

21 55. Plaintiff has not made any demand on the other shareholders of Identiv to institute
 22 this action since such demand would be a futile and useless act for at least the following reasons:

- 23 (a) Identiv is a publicly held company with over 10.75 million shares
 24 outstanding and thousands of shareholders;
- 25 (b) making demand on such a number of shareholders would be impossible
 26 for plaintiff who has no way of finding out the names, addresses, or phone numbers of
 27 shareholders; and

(c) making demand on all shareholders would force plaintiff to incur excessive expenses, assuming all shareholders could be individually identified.

COUNT I
Breach of Fiduciary Duty

56. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and reallege each and every allegation set forth above, as though fully set forth herein.

57. Each defendant owes and owed to the Company the duty to exercise candor, good faith, and loyalty in the management and administration of Identiv's business and affairs, particularly with respect to issues so fundamental as proper accounting controls.

58. Defendants' conduct set forth herein was due to their intentional or reckless breach of the fiduciary duties they owed to the Company. Defendants intentionally or recklessly breached or disregarded their fiduciary duties to protect the rights and interests of Identiv.

59. In breach of their fiduciary duties owed to Identiv, defendants willfully participated in and caused the Company to expend unnecessarily its corporate funds, rendering them personally liable to the Company for breaching their fiduciary duties.

60. In particular, the Individual Defendants knowingly or recklessly permitted the Company's internal controls to be materially weak and deficient, conducted the sham Special Committee investigation, and permitted improper accounting for revenue and improper expense reimbursement practices.

61. The Individual Defendants, as directors of the Company, owed Identiv the highest duty of loyalty. The Individual Defendants knowingly or recklessly breached their duty of loyalty by permitting the Company to fail in its legal compliance and reporting obligations and enter into a settlement which they knew or were reckless in not knowing was procured in violation of regulatory and legal requirements.

62. As a direct and proximate result of defendants' breaches of their fiduciary obligations, Identiv has sustained and continues to sustain significant damages. Including direct monetary damages, exposure to liability from securities litigation and a loss of goodwill in the capital markets. As a result of the misconduct alleged herein, defendants are liable to the Company.

COUNT II
Abuse of Control

63. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation set forth above, as though fully set forth herein.

64. Defendants' misconduct alleged herein constituted an abuse of their ability to control and influence Identiv, for which they are legally responsible.

65. As a direct and proximate result of defendants' abuse of control, Identiv has sustained significant damages.

66. As a direct and proximate result of defendants' breaches of their fiduciary obligations of candor, good faith, and loyalty, Identiv has sustained and continues to sustain significant damages. As a result of the misconduct alleged herein, defendants are liable to the Company.

67. By reason of the foregoing, Identiv has been damaged.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

FOR THESE REASONS, plaintiff demands judgment on behalf of Identiv as follows:

A. Declaring that plaintiff may maintain this action on behalf of Identiv and that plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Company;

B. Against all defendants, jointly and severally and in favor of Identiv for the amount of damages sustained by the Company as a result of defendants' breaches of fiduciary duty and abuse of control;

C. Declaring that the defendants have breached and/or aided and abetted the breach of their fiduciary duties to Identiv;

D. Directing the defendants to take all necessary actions to reform and improve Identiv's corporate governance and internal procedures to comply with applicable laws and to protect Identiv and its shareholders from a repeat of the damaging events described herein, including, but not limited to, putting forward for shareholder vote the following resolutions for amendments to the Company's By-Laws or Articles of Incorporation; and the following actions as may be necessary to ensure proper Corporate Governance Policies:

- 1 1. a proposal to strengthen the Company's disclosure and financial controls;
- 2 2. a proposal to strengthen Board's supervision of operations and develop
- 3 and implement procedures for greater shareholder input into the policies and guidelines of the
- 4 Board;

5 3. a provision to permit the shareholders of Identiv to nominate at least three
6 candidates for election to the Board; and

7 4. a proposal to ensure the establishment of effective oversight of compliance
8 with applicable laws, rules, and regulations;

9 E. Determining and awarding to Identiv exemplary damages, including
10 disgorgement of all profits, benefits, and other compensation obtained by defendants, in an
11 amount necessary to punish defendants and to make an example of defendants to the community
12 according to proof at trial;

F. Awarding Identiv restitution from defendants, and each of them;

14 G. Awarding plaintiff the costs and disbursements of this action, including
15 reasonable attorneys' and experts' fees, costs, and expenses; and

16 H. Granting such other and further equitable relief as this Court may deem just and
17 proper.

JURY DEMAND

19 Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

22 | Dated: January 14, 2016

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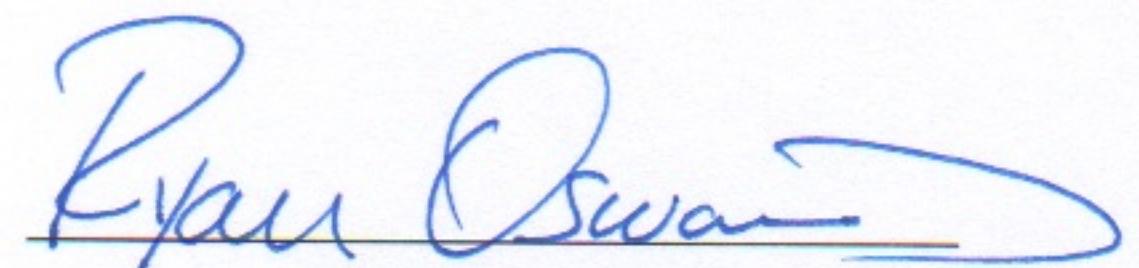
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Attorneys for Plaintiff

IDENTIV, INC. VERIFICATION

I, Ryan Oswald, hereby verify that I am familiar with the allegations in the Complaint, and that I have authorized the filing of the Complaint, and that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Date: 1-12-16



Ryan Oswald